

Factorial length

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[English version](#)

Given integer n , print length of $n!$ (which is factorial of n).

Input

The first line of the standard input contains one integer t ($t < 10001$) which is the number of test cases.

In each of the next t lines there is number n ($0 \leq n \leq 5 \cdot 10^9$).

Output

For each test, print the length of $n!$.

Example

Input:

3
1
10
100

Output:

1
7
158